



### Psychiatric Divert

(1) Determination of the following descriptors & age definitions for psychiatric divert patients:

- Child – 11 & under
- Adolescent – 12 to under 19
- Adult – 19 to under 60
- Geriatric – 60 & greater

(2) EMS & divert definition of a psychiatric patient:

- An EMS patient with no immediate presenting medical problem, but the patient is a threat to themselves or others (especially if a past history of psychiatric conditions is known by EMS).
- An overdose patient is not a patient whose hospital destination is affected by psychiatric service line availability.



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### Medical Divert Areas for Hospitals

#### Critical Care (CC)

Any unstable patient which may require admission to a critical care bed, i.e.:

(1) Respiratory distress (2) Chest Pain (3) Shock (4) Coma

#### Medical/Surgical (Med/Surg)

Any patient who may require admission to a medical/surgical ward bed but not a critical care bed.

#### Labor & Delivery (L&D)

All Labor & Delivery patients including third trimester bleeding.

#### CT Scan (CT)

Any patient potentially needing CT scan, i.e. patients not responding to the AMS or seizure protocol or patients with focal neurological signs.

#### Emergency Department (ED)

Any patient who is not a direct admit to the hospital. (Does not affect Level 1 trauma center availability.) May not affect stroke or STEMI.



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